#### An Introduction to Elevation and Azimuth Patterns using EZNEC

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## Introduction

- Mike KK6GLP pointed out it takes a lot of time to understand Antenna Azimuth and Elevation Plots
- This Tech-Ten presents a forum for discussing Antenna Azimuth and Elevation Plots
- A dipole will be used that is above a medium ground (less than ideal conductivity and permittivity). The dipole is referenced to an isotropic antenna

#### Antenna Patterns are Multidimensional

- They fill Space from a fixed spatial location and can represent the far field, there is a near field not to be discussed
- A reference antenna is used to create the charts. The reference antenna is called Isotropic, which radiates equally in all directions, think of an RF star (lot lower power (watts or W/cm<sup>2</sup>)
- Without a reference antenna, the pattern would be calculated at a specified distance and be in power
- The first Graphic display is in Cartesian Coordinates (X, Y, Z), to create an introduction. The Azimuth and Elevation comparative measurements are given using angles and a dBi magnitude scale

### Dipole over a Medium Flat Ground



2/10/2017 Ris graphic is a ratio of a dipole to an isotropic reference

## Elevation Plot, Azimuth 0°



This is a Z-X slice of the Three Dimensional Plot looking down  $_{2/10/20}$  the X Axis. The maximum gain is 6.82 dBi at an angle of 33°

### Elevation Plot, Azimuth 90°



This is a Z-Y slice of the Three Dimensional Plot looking down  $_{2/10/20}$ the Y Axis. The maximum gain is 1.45 dBi at 51°

## Azimuth Plot, Elevation 33°



This is a X-Y slice of the Three Dimensional Plot looking down 2/10/20 the -Z Axis at 33° Elevation. The maximum gain is 6.38 dBi

# Summary

- The Azimuth and Elevation Plots are slices of a three dimensional pattern
- The actual radiated power varies as a function of Azimuth and Elevation Angles
- The Azimuth and Elevation plots are generated by creating a ratio of the desired antenna pattern to an Isotropic Reference Antenna